Kernel Installation Guide

Downloading the Kernel

 Download kernel version 2.6.36 to the appropriate directory. If you just plan to install or upgrade the kernel running on your machine, the appropriate directory is /usr/src/. If you are going to be hacking this kernel, download to somewhere like your home directory.

```
wget
http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.36.tar.g
z
tar xzvf linux-2.6.36.tar.gz
```

1. If you're going to be kernel hacking, append a "-dev" to the kernel directory name, to make things clear:

```
mv linux-2.6.36 linux-2.6.36-dev
```

Note: Continue using

sudo

when necessary.

Configuring the Kernel

Download thisconfig file and save it as

.config

in the new linux source directory (e.g., linux-2.6.36-dev).

```
Then, configure the kernel from the
.config
file.
cd linux-2.6.36-dev
make oldconfig ( If the program asks you to choose y/n/?, just press
Enter )
Building and Installing the Kernel
  1. Once the kernel is configured, compile it.
    make (This takes up to about one hour, ...)
    make modules install
  2. Then copy the new kernel image into
    /boot
    cp arch/i386/boot/bzImage /boot/cop4610-bzImage
  3. Generate an initial RAM disk and install it into
    /boot
    mkinitramfs -o /boot/cop4610-initramfs 2.6.36
  4. Edit the bootloader's config file to recognize the new
    kernel.Edit /etc/grub.d/40 custom so it looks like:
    #!/bin/sh
    exec tail -n +3 $0
    # This file provides an easy way to add custom menu entries.
    Simply type the
    # menu entries you want to add after this comment. Be careful not
    to change
    # the 'exec tail' line above.
```

```
menuentry 'Ubuntu (kernel 2.6.36) for COP-4610 Lab' -- class ubuntu
  --class gnu-linux --class gnu --class os {
   recordfail
   insmod ext2
   set root='(hd0,1)'
    search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set b3abc51c-d29b-44dc-
  b916-50b2e20922e7
   echo 'Loading Linux 2.6.36 for COP-4610 Lab...'
    linux /boot/cop4610-bzImage root=UUID=b3abc51c-d29b-44dc-
  b916-50b2e20922e7 ro splash
   echo 'Loading initial ramdisk ...'
   initrd /boot/cop4610-initramfs
  }
5. Run:
  update-grub
6. Now reboot the virtual machine into the new kernel 2.6.36:
  reboot
  At boot, immediately press any key (e.g., 'q'),
  then you will see a countdown: 5, 4, 3, ...
  press the SHIFT key on the left side of the keyboard
  you will see a menu of available kernels.
  Use the arrow key to choose the entry corresponding to your
  kernel, e.g., "Ubuntu (kernel 2.6.36) for COP-4610 Lab", and press
  Enter.
7. Cross your fingers. You will see a black screen for about
```

seconds, but that's okay. Eventually, you should see a normal Ubuntu

login screen.

8. If you see a Ubuntu login screen, congratulations! Your new kernel is now running!To see what version you are running for sure:

uname -a

It should say "Linux cop4610-desktop 2.6.36 #1 SMP ..."

9. If the boot does not go through, your modification to the kernel

has a problem. Reboot the virtual machine into the default kernel (during the reboot DO NOT press any key). Once your Ubuntu is back, login as usual and correct your mistake(s). Then go back to step 1.